Revised by: Simonne Moses - HSNO Consultant SDS No: 1

Safety Data Sheet Spears® Primer21-70 Low VOC Primer for PVC and CPVC Plastic Pipe

Classified as: Hazardous according to the EPA Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classifications) Notice 2020.

Section 1: SUBSTANCE AND SUPPLIER DETAILS

Product Name: Spears® Primer21-70 Low VOC Primer for PVC and

CPVC Plastic Pipe

Supplier: Waterworks Wholesale

90 Hurlstone Drive

New Plymouth New Zealand

Phone: (06) 769 6373

Recommended Use: Low VOC Primer for PVC and CPVC Plastic Pipe

In Case of Emergency Contact:

CHEMCALL: 0800 CHEMCALL (243 622)

Section 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Spears® Primer21-70 Low VOC Primer for PVC and CPVC Plastic Pipe is classified as a Dangerous Good for Transport.

Spears® Primer21-70 Low VOC Primer for PVC and CPVC Plastic Pipe is classified as hazardous according to criteria in the EPA Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classifications) Notice 2020.

Classified under the group standard "Surface Coatings & Colourants (Flammable, Carcinogenic) Group Standard 2020."

HSNO Approval Number: HSR002669

HSNO CLASSIFICATIONS: 3.1B - Highly flammable liquid

6.3A - Skin irritant 6.4A - Eye irritant

6.7B - Suspected carcinogen

6.9B - Harmful to human target organs or systems, repeated exposure

GHS Classification: Flammable liquid - Category 2

Skin irritation - Category 2 Eye irritation - Category 2 Carcinogenicity - Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure - Category 2

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Labelling Elements:

Hazard Statements:

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H373 May cause damage to organs (liver, kidneys, nervous system, respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure via inhalation or ingestion.

GHS Pictograms:







Signal Word: DANGER

PREVENTION STATEMENTS:

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210 - Keep away from open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.

P233 - Keep container tightly closed.

P240 - Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

P242 - Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P260 - Do not breathe vapour/mist/spray.

P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection.

RESPONSE STATEMENTS

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308 + P332 + P337 + P313 - If exposed or concerned or if skin irritation occurs, or if eye irritation persists:

Get medical advice/attention.

P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: use water fog, carbon dioxide, foam, or dry powder for extinction. Do not use water jet.

STORAGE

P405 - Store locked up.

P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

DISPOSAL

P501 - In accordance with the EPA Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017. Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal contractor. Refer to Section 13 of the SDS.

Section 3: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixture: Low VOC Primer

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Main Component	CAS Number	Concentration (%wt)
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK)	78-93-3	30 - 50 %
Tetrahydrofuran (THF)	109-99-9	17 - 35 %
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	15 - 30 %
Acetone	67-64-1	5 - 25 %

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Section 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Workplace Facilities

Required:

Eye wash and safety shower facilities are required.

If Inhaled: Remove to fresh air. Keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Seek medical

attention if symptoms persist.

Hold eyes open, flush continuously with water for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical In Contact with Eye:

attention if symptoms develop and persist.

Immediately wash skin with plenty of water, while removing contaminated clothing and In Contact with Skin:

shoes. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Seek medical attention if skin

irritation develops and persists.

DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Rinse mouth. Give small quantities of water. Never give If Swallowed:

anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Seek immediate medical attention. If

vomiting occurs, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration to lungs.

Treat symptomatically. Advice to Doctor:

Section 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Product is flammable. Avoid exposure to open flames and hot surfaces. Fire/Explosion Hazard:

Suitable Extinguishing

Media:

Use water fog, carbon dioxide, dry powder, or foam to extinguish fire. Do not use

water jet.

Precautions in Connection

with Fire:

Containers may pressurise when heated and burst. May give off noxious fumes in a

fire containing oxides of carbon and hydrogen chloride.

Wear full firefighting gear and self-contained breathing apparatus. Advice for firefighters:

Section 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

An emergency response plan meeting the requirements of Part 5 of the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017 is required when held in quantities greater than 1,000L.

Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Eliminate potential ignition sources. Keep Precautions:

unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering area. Ventilate area if

possible.

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Suitable Protective

Emergency responders must use personal protective equipment, including gloves, **Equipment:**

protective overalls and footwear, safety goggles or face shield and respiratory

protection.

Contain the spill and soak up with inert absorbent material. Scoop up material and Spill or Leak Procedures.

place in a closable steel container. Do not use aluminium or plastic containers.

Ensure waste container is properly labelled.

Dispose of as per Section 13. **Waste Disposal Methods:**

Ensure there is appropriate and adequate personal protective equipment, trained **Emergency preparation:**

personnel and clean up materials for management of accidental release.

Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling:

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapours, mists, or spray. Use appropriate respirator if there is a risk of inhalation and inadequate ventilation. Do not eat, drink, or smoke, when using this product. Remove contaminated clothing and wash hands and face before entering eating areas. Keep away from

ignition sources, heat, hot surfaces, and naked flames.

Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool, and Storage:

well-ventilated area. Keep away from ignition sources, heat, hot surfaces, naked

flames, and incompatible materials.

Secondary containment is required when quantities exceed 1,000L. The Site Storage Requirements:

containment must be impervious to the product. Site Signage will be required

when quantities exceed 250L. Refer to Section 10 for incompatibilities.

Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Workplace Exposure Standards NZ:

Tetrahydrofuran:

TWA 50ppm, 150mg/m³ STEL 100ppm, 300 mg/m³

Methyl Ethyl Ketone: TWA 150ppm, 445mg/m³ STEL 300ppm, 890mg/m³

Cyclohexanone:

TWA 10ppm, 41mg/m³ STEL 20ppm, 82 mg/m³

Acetone:

TWA 500ppm, 1185mg/m³ STEL 1000ppm, 2375mg/m³

Eyewash facilities and safety showers should be provided in the work area where **Engineering Controls:**

there is a risk of exposure to eyes and skin. If use generates

vapours/mists/sprays, use engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation or process enclosures to ensure workers are not exposed to levels exceeding the

exposure standards.

Personal Protective Equipment:

Avoid contact with the skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapours/mists/sprays.

Wear chemically resistant protective gloves. Butyl rubber gloves are Hand protection:

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recommended. Refer to Australian and New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 2161 for

protective gloves.

Use protective clothing. Remove any contaminated clothing to avoid prolonged Skin and body protection:

> contact with the skin or prolonged exposure to vapours. Wash work clothes regularly. Refer to Australian and New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 4501 for

occupational protective clothing.

Use safety glasses with side shields or safety goggles to protect eyes. Eye protection:

Alternatively, a full-face respirator may be used. Refer to AS/NZS 1336 for

suitable eye and face protection.

Use in a well-ventilated area. Where there is inadequate ventilation, use a Respiratory protection:

> respirator. Refer to AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716 for suitable respiratory protection. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. A full-face respirator may be desirable to give respiratory and eye

protection.

PPE selected must be impervious to the substance. Do not eat, smoke, or drink Other information:

> where material is handled, processed, or stored. Wash hands carefully before eating or smoking. Handle in accordance with safe industrial hygiene practices.

Section 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Description: Colour: Thin Liquid Clear or purple

0.88 ppm Odour: Ethereal Odour Threshold:

(cyclohexanone) **Melting/Freezing Point:** -108.5°C (based on THF) **Boiling Point:** 56 °C (acetone)

Solubility: :Hq Not applicable Soluble in water

Highly flammable liquid and Flammability: Flash Point (Closed Cup): -20°C (acetone)

vapour

1.1% (cyclohexanone) to LEL/UEL:

190 mm Hg @ Vapour Pressure: 20°C (acetone) 12.8% (acetone) 321°C (based on Not applicable

Vapour Density:

Decomposition Temp: Autoignition Temp:

THF)

Relative Density: 0.857 ± 0.01 @ 23° C $\pm 2^{\circ}$ C

Partition Coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Not available

Viscosity: Water-thin

Particle Evaporation Rate: > 1 (BUAC = 1)Not applicable characteristics:

VOC Content: ≤ 550 g/L when applied as directed.

Section 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable under normal storage conditions.

No adverse reactions expected during normal conditions of storage and use. Reactivity:

Conditions to Avoid: Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources.

Keep away from oxidisers, strong acids and bases, amines, and ammonia. Incompatibility:

Thermal decomposition may result in oxides of carbon, and hydrogen chloride. **Hazardous Decomposition:**

>2.0 (Air = 1

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Section 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Exposure

Acute Toxicity: Not acutely toxic.

LD50 oral > 2000 mg/kg. LD50 dermal > 2000 mg/kg LC50 inhalation > 5 mg/L (mist)

Inhalation: If vapours build up in enclosed areas, then may cause respiratory irritation and

drowsiness or dizziness.

Ingestion: May be harmful if swallowed. May cause nausea, stomach pain, vomiting,

diarrhea.

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Product is not corrosive but is irritating to the skin. May cause redness, rash.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Product is not corrosive but is irritating to the eyes. May cause redness, stinging,

weeping.

Respiratory and Skin

Sensitisation: Not expected to be a respiratory or contact sensitiser.

Chronic Exposure:

Mutagen/Carcinogen/Reproductive

Toxicant

Product is a suspected carcinogen via inhalation. Not expected to be mutagenic

or a reproductive toxicant.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity,

Single Exposure:

No information available. Product is not expected to be toxic or harmful to organs

through single exposure.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity,

Repeated Exposure:

Product may be harmful to target organs or systems, including the liver, kidneys,

nervous system, and respiratory system, through prolonged or repeated

exposure, via inhalation or ingestion.

Aspiration Hazard: No information available. Product is not expected to be an aspiration hazard.

Toxicity data is based on hazardous ingredient information and information in the

EPA Chemical Classification and Identification Database.

Section 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity: $LC/EC_{50} > 100 \text{ mg/kg}$

Product is not ecotoxic in the aquatic environment.

Persistence/degradability: Product is readily biodegradable.

Bioaccumulation: Not expected to bioaccumulate.

Mobility in soil: During normal use, emission of volatile components to the air takes place.

Other adverse effects: No other adverse effects identified.

Ingredients with Ecotoxic

classifications:

There are no ingredients with ecotoxic classifications.

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Ecotoxicity data is based on hazardous ingredient information and information in the

EPA Chemical Classification and Identification Database.

Section 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal: Dispose of waste product and contaminated absorbent material via an approved

waste disposal contractor.

Disposal of Packaging: Packaging may contain product residues and should be treated as hazardous.

Dispose of packaging via an approved waste disposal contractor.

Section 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Spears® Primer21-70 Low VOC Primer for PVC and CPVC Plastic Pipe is classified as a Dangerous Good for transport in accordance with NZS5433:2020.

UN Number: 1993

Proper Shipping Name: Flammable Liquid n.o.s. (Tetrahydrofuran, Acetone)

Class and Subsidiary Risk: 3
Packing Group: II
Hazchem Code: 2YE
Marine Pollutant: No

Ensure transportation methods prevent leakage from packages and collapsing loads.

Section 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

Group Standard Allocation: Surface Coatings & Colourants (Flammable, Carcinogenic) Group Standard

2020.

HSNO Approval Code: HSR002669

Classifications: Flammable liquid - Category 2

Skin irritation - Category 2 Eye irritation - Category 2 Carcinogenicity - Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure - Category 2

This substance triggers: Compliance Certificate 100L (containers > 5L), 250L (containers \le 5L)

Certified Handler N/A
Emergency Response Plan 1,000L
Secondary Containment 1,000L
Signage 250L

Hazardous Atmosphere Zone: 100L closed, 25L decanting, 5L open

occasionally, 1L always open.

This substance is not required to be Tracked. All workplace personnel handling this substance are required to be trained on the safe handling and PPE

requirements for the hazards associated with this substance.

Section 16: OTHER INFORMATION

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet relates only to the specific material designated herein. This Safety Data Sheet summarises our best knowledge of the health and safety hazard information of the product and

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how to safely handle the product in the workplace. Each user should read this SDS and consider the information in the context of how the product will be handled and used in the workplace including its use in conjunction with other products.

This substance is approved under HSNO for use as a primer product on PVC and CPVC pipes. All reasonable care has been taken to ensure that the information and advice contained herein are from sources believed to be reliable and to represent the most up-to-date knowledge available at the date given in Section 16. No liability is assumed for any damages related to the use or misuse of this substance.

All chemical materials may present unknown hazards as people have varying degrees of sensitivity to chemicals. Therefore, this product should be used with caution. The information herein is given in good faith, but no warranty, express or implied is made.

SDS Issued: 10 June 2025

Reason for Revision: Update to New Zealand regulatory requirements.

References:

EPA NZ Chemical Classification and Information Database

EPA Guide: Guide to Classifying Hazardous Substances in New Zealand, Version 1

Supplier SDS: Spears® Manufacturing Company, Spears® Primer21-70 Low VOC Primer for PVC and CPVC Plastic Pipe, April 2021.

Summary of Abbreviations: EPA – Environmental Protection Authority

GHS – Global Harmonisation System CAS – Chemical Abstracts Service TWA – Time Weighted Average STEL – Short Term Exposure Limit

END OF SAFETY DATA SHEET